

Constructing Infinite Families of Solutions to Diophantine Equation $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = 2n^2w^4$

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March 13, 2026

Abstract

This paper presents a systematic method to construct infinite families of primitive integer solutions to the quartic Diophantine equation $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = 2n^2w^4$ for each square-free positive integer n with $\gcd(n, 290) = 1$. We identify this surface as a variant of the type **A217** in the classification by Bright [3], characterized by a high Néron-Severi rank of 4. Our method reduces the problem to system of two parameter-dependent quadratic equations, and subsequently to finding rational points of a quartic elliptic curve. By employing MAGMA's 4-descent to compute the Mordell-Weil group, we effectively realize the theoretical richness of rational points guaranteed by the surface's geometric structure. We demonstrate the effectiveness of this approach by providing non-trivial solutions for $n = 41, 101, 1007$. Furthermore, we propose a conjecture that non-trivial rational points exist for any square-free positive integer n with $\gcd(n, 290) = 1$, supported by extensive numerical evidence.

1 Introduction

The study of quartic Diophantine equations of the form $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = kw^4$ has been central in number theory since Noam Elkies' landmark discovery of counterexamples to Euler's conjecture [1]. While Elkies found solutions to $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = w^4$, the case with coefficient $2n^2$ on the right remains largely unexplored except for computational searches [9, 10, 11].

As pointed out by Elkies (private communication), the surface defined by is related to the case **A217** in the classification by Bright [3], which possesses a Néron-Severi rank of 4. This suggests a higher density of rational points compared to the original case **A197** studied by Elkies.

This paper provides the first parametrization of primitive solutions ($\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$ and without assuming any relation such as $z = x + y$ a priori) for several square-free n satisfying specific local conditions, via a novel reduction to elliptic curve rational points.

Using the above parameterization method, we have found infinite families of integer solutions to the Diophantine equation $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = 2n^2w^4$ with $z \neq x + y$ for each $n = 33, 41, 47, 51, 59, 69, 77, 83, 89, 101, 119, 123, 137, 141, 149, 159, 161, 173, 179, 187, 197, 209, 213, 227, 233, 249, 251, 253, 263, 267, 281, 287, 293, 299, 303, 311, 321, 323, 329, 339, 341,$

353, 357, 383, 389, 393, 401, 407, 971, 977, 979, 983, 989, 1001, 1003, 1007 and 1013, for which no previously known solutions exist, in the range $n \leq 407$.

In this study, we verify the validity of the Hasse's principle for specific n and diagonal quartic surfaces $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = 2n^2w^4$, and by using the 4-descent of MAGMA, we prove that the elements of the Tate-Shafarevich group actually correspond to rational points in concrete numbers.

2 Local Conditions

Consider primitive integer solutions (x, y, z, w) of the equation

$$x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = 2n^2w^4 \quad (1)$$

where n is a square-free positive integer and satisfies:

$$\begin{aligned} 2 &\nmid n, \\ 5 &\nmid n, \\ 29 &\nmid n. \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

We can prove theorem of the local condition:

Theorem 1. If n is square-free and $\gcd(n, 290) > 1$, then the equation (1) have no solutions with $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

Proof: Trivial by checking $(\text{mod } 16)$, $(\text{mod } 5)$, and $(\text{mod } 29)$.

3 Quadratic Curves and Simultaneous Equations

Assuming $z \neq 0$, normalize by dividing by z^4 , and replace $\frac{x}{z}, \frac{y}{z}, \frac{w}{z}$ to x, y, t :

$$x^4 + y^4 + 1 = 2n^2t^4. \quad (3)$$

Introduce rational parameter u and two quadratic curves:

$$(u^2 - 2)y^2 = (-u^2 + 4u - 2)x^2 - 2(u^2 - 2u + 2)x + (-u^2 + 4u - 2) \quad (4)$$

$$\pm n(u^2 - 2)t^2 = (u^2 - 2u + 2)x^2 + (-u^2 + 4u - 2)x + (u^2 - 2u + 2). \quad (5)$$

The right-hand quadratic in (5) has no real roots, so sign is unique: $+n(u^2 - 2)t^2$ if $u^2 > 2$, $-n(u^2 - 2)t^2$ if $u^2 < 2$.

Theorem 2. Rational solutions (x, y, t) to (4),(5) yield solutions to (3).[5]

Proof: Trivial by simple calculation of rational expressions.

4 The Involution Map

For rational parameter u and variables x, y, t , we define the following involution map τ :

$$\tau(u, x, y, t) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{u-2}{u-1}, -x, y, t\right) & \text{if } u \neq 1, \\ (1, x, y, t) & \text{if } u = 1. \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

The involution τ preserves the quadratic curves (4) and (5), and therefore all their common rational points (x, y, t) with except for the sign of x .

Therefore, the integer solutions of (1) are identical for parameter u and parameter $\tau(u) = \frac{u-2}{u-1}$. In other words, it is sufficient to find the common rational point (x, y, t) for either parameter u or parameter $\tau(u)$.

5 Reduction to Quartic Elliptic Curve

Given a constant H (for example, 200), using Helmut Hasse's local-global principle, we can select a rational number u such that the height $h(u) \leq H$, so that the two quadratic curves (4) and (5) each have a rational point. Then, we can filter the rational parameter u effectively. This contributes to the efficiency of rational point search.

For each rational parameter u , fix initial rational point (x_0, y_0) on (4); intersect with line

$$y = k(x - x_0) + y_0$$

to get second point $(x(k), y(k))$ as rational functions of k .

Substitute $x(k)$ into (5) to obtain the associated elliptic curve:

$$E_{n,u} : \pm Y^2 = aX^4 + bX^3 + cX^2 + dX + e, \quad (7)$$

where $Y = t(pk^2 + qk + r)^2$, $X = k$, and $p, q, r, a, b, c, d, e \in \mathbb{Z}$.

The right-hand quadratic in (5) has no real roots, so sign is unique: $+Y^2$ if $a > 0$, $-Y^2$ if $a < 0$. [6]

Because $a, b, c, d, e \in \mathbb{Z}$, a rational point (X, Y) on (7) with $X \notin \mathbb{Z}$ should be a non-torsion point.

6 Singular Cases

The first quadratic curve (4) is singular iff $u = 0, 1, 2$; then reduces to

$$x^2 + x + 1 = nt^2,$$

solvable only for $n = 1$. The second quadratic curve (5) is always nonsingular. [5]

Seiji Tomita and Oliver Couto [2] (Th.4.2) give a parameter solution to (1) using polynomials in p and q if there exist integers p and q such that $n = 3p^2 + q^2$. However, our parameter solution via the elliptic curves is different from this polynomial solution and we could apply even when $n \neq 3p^2 + q^2$.

7 Computing Rational Points with MAGMA

Transform (7) to Weierstrass form; apply MAGMA's `FourDescent` to compute rank, generators, and torsion points.

We choose a rational parameter u and the associated elliptic curve (7) with positive rank. For non-torsion point (X, Y) on the curve (7), generate m -multiples; set $k = X$ and back-substitute to (x, y, t) , then clear denominators for primitive (x, y, z, w) . [6]

8 Necessity and Sufficiency of Local Conditions

We prove the main theorem:

Theorem 3. For arbitrary square-free integer n , infinite primitive solutions of (1) exist iff $\gcd(n, 290) = 1$ and there exist a rational number u and the associated elliptic curve $E_{n,u}$ with positive rank .

Proof: Sufficiency via $\text{rank}E_{n,u} \geq 1$; necessity via p-adic obstructions for $p=2,5,29$. [4, 5]

Conjecture 1. (Weak conjecture)

If n is a square-free integer and $\gcd(n, 290) = 1$, then primitive solutions of (1) exist.

Remark 1. Conjecture 1 is valid for $n \leq 401$.

Conjecture 2. (Strong conjecture)

If n is a square-free integer and $\gcd(n, 290) = 1$, then $\text{rank}E_{n,u} > 0$ for some rational number u .

Remark 2. Conjecture 2 implies Conjecture 1, and Conjecture 2 is valid for $n \leq 393$.

9 Numerical Examples

We explain the method of finding integer solution of (1).

For example $n = 41$, we can filter rational number u with $\text{height}(u) \leq 200$ so that both quadratic curve (4) and (5) has a rational point. Then we can examine the following 144 rational numbers u :

$$\begin{aligned}
u = & -1, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{17}, \frac{-1}{49}, \frac{1}{53}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{17}, \frac{-4}{45}, \frac{-4}{49}, \frac{4}{137}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{8}{9}, \frac{8}{25}, \frac{-8}{45}, \frac{8}{81}, \\
& \frac{-8}{101}, \frac{9}{4}, 10, \frac{11}{2}, \frac{-11}{149}, \frac{12}{109}, \frac{-12}{185}, \frac{13}{53}, \frac{15}{17}, \frac{15}{113}, \frac{-16}{97}, \frac{17}{81}, \frac{19}{2}, \frac{19}{149}, \frac{-19}{193}, \\
& \frac{-20}{81}, \frac{20}{109}, \frac{21}{37}, \frac{21}{61}, \frac{-28}{153}, \frac{29}{49}, \frac{30}{13}, \frac{-32}{53}, \frac{-32}{117}, \frac{3}{16}, \frac{-37}{181}, \frac{40}{113}, \frac{42}{17}, \frac{-43}{153}, \frac{44}{169}, \\
& \frac{48}{81}, \frac{-51}{109}, \frac{-52}{37}, \frac{52}{61}, \frac{3}{153}, \frac{-55}{49}, \frac{-56}{13}, \frac{56}{53}, \frac{57}{117}, \frac{61}{16}, \frac{-61}{181}, \frac{-64}{113}, \frac{64}{17}, \frac{-64}{153}, \frac{-64}{169}, \\
& \frac{193}{48}, \frac{157}{-51}, \frac{73}{-52}, \frac{137}{52}, \frac{16}{3}, \frac{49}{-55}, \frac{89}{-56}, \frac{145}{56}, \frac{109}{57}, \frac{113}{61}, \frac{117}{-61}, \frac{49}{-64}, \frac{153}{64}, \frac{157}{-64}, \frac{169}{-64}, \\
& \frac{-67}{193}, \frac{-67}{157}, \frac{67}{73}, \frac{69}{137}, \frac{76}{16}, \frac{-76}{49}, \frac{-76}{89}, \frac{76}{145}, \frac{77}{109}, \frac{-79}{113}, \frac{-80}{117}, \frac{-84}{49}, \frac{-84}{153}, \frac{88}{157}, \frac{-88}{169}, \\
& \frac{61}{89}, \frac{81}{91}, \frac{101}{-91}, \frac{20}{92}, \frac{113}{93}, \frac{153}{94}, \frac{193}{-95}, \frac{197}{98}, \frac{109}{99}, \frac{153}{100}, \frac{149}{101}, \frac{65}{-101}, \frac{101}{101}, \frac{117}{102}, \frac{145}{-104}, \\
& \frac{121}{121}, \frac{149}{149}, \frac{181}{181}, \frac{157}{157}, \frac{40}{40}, \frac{49}{49}, \frac{149}{149}, \frac{53}{53}, \frac{50}{50}, \frac{153}{153}, \frac{40}{40}, \frac{117}{117}, \frac{121}{121}, \frac{53}{53}, \frac{125}{125}, \\
& \frac{105}{52}, \frac{-112}{117}, \frac{116}{121}, \frac{-116}{149}, \frac{-116}{173}, \frac{-119}{89}, \frac{119}{145}, \frac{-120}{101}, \frac{120}{169}, \frac{120}{5}, \frac{126}{153}, \frac{127}{145}, \frac{128}{153}, \frac{-128}{97}, \frac{-132}{181}, \frac{-132}{181}, \\
& \frac{135}{135}, \frac{138}{138}, \frac{141}{141}, \frac{141}{141}, \frac{145}{145}, \frac{146}{146}, \frac{147}{147}, \frac{150}{150}, \frac{-152}{-152}, \frac{153}{153}, \frac{153}{153}, \frac{154}{154}, \frac{161}{161}, \frac{161}{161}, \frac{162}{162}, \\
& \frac{34}{162}, \frac{85}{165}, \frac{20}{167}, \frac{32}{168}, \frac{64}{171}, \frac{29}{173}, \frac{157}{-176}, \frac{37}{177}, \frac{197}{-177}, \frac{32}{177}, \frac{104}{178}, \frac{73}{179}, \frac{52}{182}, \frac{169}{186}, \frac{17}{187}, \\
& \frac{113}{-188}, \frac{52}{-188}, \frac{10}{189}, \frac{173}{189}, \frac{26}{-196}, \frac{181}{-196}, \frac{197}{198}, \frac{8}{198}, \frac{193}{-199}, \frac{197}{5}, \frac{5}{26}, \frac{101}{101}, \frac{73}{73}, \frac{197}{197}, \\
& \frac{-188}{137}, \frac{-188}{185}, \frac{189}{8}, \frac{189}{128}, \frac{189}{153}, \frac{189}{181}, \frac{-196}{89}, \frac{-196}{125}, \frac{198}{193}.
\end{aligned}$$

For $u = \frac{198}{125}$, we easily get a initial rational point $R(\frac{-15559}{420776}, \frac{775755}{420776})$ of the quadratic curve (4).

A line with a slope of k that passes through R intersects the quadratic curve (4) with another point $(x(k), y(k))$.

Then, we have following:

$$y = k \left(x + \frac{15559}{420776} \right) + \frac{775755}{420776}, \quad (8)$$

$$x(k) = \frac{61878143k^2 + 6170355270k - 8594866697}{-1673426152k^2 + 6005735848}, \quad (9)$$

$$y(k) = \frac{3085177635k^2 - 8372793090k + 11072351115}{-1673426152k^2 + 6005735848}. \quad (10)$$

From (9) and (5), we have followings:

$$\begin{aligned}
\{17251816(3977k^2 - 14273)^2t\}^2 = & 287644205070868215349k^4 - 1436879617899897971340k^3 \\
& + 3997420003135110578878k^2 - 6003499258764516668940k + 4279348392455021754229.
\end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

We set

$$Y = 17251816(3977k^2 - 14273)^2t, \quad (12)$$

$$X = k, \quad (13)$$

then we have following the associated elliptic curve

$$E_{41,u} : Y^2 = 287644205070868215349X^4 - 1436879617899897971340X^3 + 3997420003135110578878X^2 - 6003499258764516668940X + 4279348392455021754229. \quad (14)$$

We confirm the syzygy transforms an elliptic curve

$$E_{41,u}^0 : y^2 = x^3 - 131533381367244164215248081536630341171740672x - 496946952622325121564854492450656958760656582555086171408919691264 \quad (15)$$

to the elliptic curve $E_{41,u}$.

The minimal standard model of $E_{41,u}^0$ is

$$E_{41,u}^2 : y^2 = x^3 + x^2 - 3237629437155959990x - 1919096286007227296033058600. \quad (16)$$

Considering $E_{41,u}$ to 2-descent of $E_{41,u}^2$, we execute MAGMA's 4-descent, and get two independent rational points of $E_{41,u}^2$:

$$P_1 \left(\frac{-174942651055478264675987}{244780606357156}, \frac{20891124644686233492499046337781371}{3829706654220268054696} \right),$$

$$P_2 \left(\frac{-14294068250419325295136330646500671045398507}{10710488752832501604605089844433796}, \frac{5513451734757779144704564173941245101175055697275239743153358521}{1108444452616653816973134639524599540568006219348344} \right).$$

By rational transformation $[2524656, 2124629306112, 0, 0]^{-1}$. we get two independent rational points of $E_{41,u}^0$

$$\begin{aligned}
Q_1 & \left(\frac{-278766212361028884962560363157615040}{61195151589289}, \right. \\
& \left. \frac{42022169170381781318268794555009598687378195785697792}{478713331777533506837} \right), \\
Q_2 & \left(\frac{-22777197225615531144367809302749081158104851178197540800}{2677622188208125401151272461108449}, \right. \\
& \left. \frac{11090221586976991451411531078086682941672735310414994171896001971993851427077934592}{138555556577081727121641829940574942571000777418543} \right).
\end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

By syzygy, we have some rational points (X, Y) of $E_{41,u}$ from rational points of $E_{41,u}^0$, and some $k = X$:

$$\begin{aligned}
k = & \frac{30407075}{26279287}, \frac{945967865}{1248057599}, \frac{1588437129}{13721456335}, \frac{-1219384020107}{2053661177915}, \\
& \frac{7238621986098507}{7238621986098507}, \frac{2523484525026218281}{2523484525026218281}, \frac{2523484525026218281}{15401438000287805}, \\
& \frac{15401438000287805}{15401438000287805}, \frac{616919842550050055}{616919842550050055}, \frac{616919842550050055}{616919842550050055}, \\
& \frac{7918680427205562475}{7918680427205562475}, \frac{7918680427205562475}{7918680427205562475}, \frac{206736470097243783595}{206736470097243783595}, \frac{206736470097243783595}{206736470097243783595}, \\
& \frac{1555531906528806611}{1555531906528806611}, \frac{1555531906528806611}{1555531906528806611}, \frac{455301048052810772797}{455301048052810772797}, \frac{455301048052810772797}{455301048052810772797}, \\
& \dots
\end{aligned}$$

From (9),(10),(14),(12).(13), we have a rational point (x, y, t) which satisfies (3). We have an integer solution (x, y, z, w) with $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$ which satisfies (1). Changing sign and replacing x, y, z so that $0 < x \leq y \leq z$, we have following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 35401855^4 + 40865628^4 + 53562031^4 = 3362 \cdot 7822733^4, \\
& 76298339723306940^4 + 144376098024837517^4 + 392097054273222611^4 = 3362 \cdot 51745745604910607^4 \\
& 22630934278564908444565^4 + 218426009168410193424516^4 + 383430470008039234123883^4, \\
& = 3362 \cdot 51630869931062938919159^4 \\
& 66362246478987836342552992091201664685210465639474020^4 \\
& + 96903091845971137820040019904874448516482466179139001^4 \\
& + 124994312898188111523490811243725150204657332635449303^4 \\
& = 3362 \cdot 17983883123274685049847136904533151182677188556511541^4.
\end{aligned}$$

For $u = \frac{-52}{137}$, similarly, we have the associated elliptic curve

$$\begin{aligned}
E_{41,u} : Y^2 = & 146130108644622127X^4 - 34585954604570560X^3 + 75769621840114278X^2 \\
& - 370651588684471816X + 306037888200539443
\end{aligned} \tag{18}$$

and rational numbers $k = X$:

$$k = \frac{16427}{15371}, \frac{-74303}{29149}, \frac{1042559}{1271441}, \frac{-2229773}{1793951},$$

$$\frac{934714950429932604431377977}{651572367992463462669439919}, \frac{-61892621095341520962149406917}{5571721957938435347773599559},$$

$$\frac{1069338108481668757405299870337}{1855015185625408790131546702081}, \frac{1277338685423332040496182410519}{2234155375514514753340048721189},$$

...

and integer solutions of (1)

$$92988^4 + 185585^4 + 200711^4 = 3362 \cdot 30433^4$$

$$314623956181553354273249972099755645960593522094013^4$$

$$+ 33830232913875010523309417936289725557988600411726621^4$$

$$+ 58958393745878311529280931462685062088878588503601020^4$$

$$= 3362 \cdot 7944572692937605931217541696712135904520977308433727^4$$

...

For $u = \frac{44}{169}$, similarly, we have the associated elliptic curve

$$E_{41,u} : Y^2 = 41787785555951071X^4 + 1299785550450804690X^3 + 1519574898215554612X^2$$

$$+ 791044232470008790X + 154651753418222341 \quad (19)$$

and rational numbers $k = X$:

$$k = \frac{-36225655093}{42531504399}, \frac{-737917016899}{985152753743}, \frac{-3284931787843}{315094317701}, \frac{-14199170625974}{19434669271167},$$

...

and integer solutions of (1)

$$5441389686377966197^4 + 59528816491569463381^4 + 73706071122362481980^4$$

$$= 3362 \cdot 10576637809123172967^4$$

...

Similarly, for several n we can find a rational number u , a initial rational point (x_0, y_0) of (4), a rational number k , and an integer solution (x, y, z, w) with $0 < x \leq y \leq z$, the result is **Appendix 2,3**.

10 Conclusion

This yields rational points (x, y, t) of (3) via Mordell-Weil groups of (7). If we could find a rational number u and the associated elliptic curve $E_{n,u}$ with $\text{rank} E_{n,u} > 0$, then the method systematically generates infinite families of primitive solutions of (1).

While a universal parametric solution for all n remains an open question, the successful derivation of a 46-digit solution for $n = 101$ through our elliptic curve reduction framework marks a significant departure from previous constraints. Future work will focus on analyzing the height of these points to better understand the arithmetic complexity of solutions for $n \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$.

The proposed algorithm is not limited to A_{217} surfaces but is also readily applicable to those of type A_{155} (Néron-Severi rank 3).

We can easily modify Elkies (Demjanenko) [1]'s second quadratic equation as follows.

$$2(x^4 + 6x^2y^2 + y^4) + t^4 = 1 \quad (20)$$

$$(u^2 + 2)y^2 = -(3u^2 - 8u + 6)x^2 - 2(u^2 - 2)x - 2u \quad (21)$$

$$\pm n(u^2 + 2)t^2 = 4(u^2 - 2)x^2 + 8ux + (2 - u^2). \quad (22)$$

In fact, the effectiveness of this approach has been numerically verified for $n = 2, 5, 6, 10, 11, 13, 19, 23, 29, 30, 31, 51, 59$, and 237 , where we successfully generated explicit rational points in each case (see **Appendix 4**). For example, we find solutions for $n = 10, 11, 19, 51, 59$ which are non-congruent numbers, as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} &261246816677719984125376675431014979^4 + 995355569908015340271785613176155930^4 \\ &+ 100 \cdot 421728649650332897209549903592601186^4 = 1427242172593177154199688515965361079^4, \\ &\dots \\ &80202538547017255548535317556474987176034903646049911^4 \\ &+ 357875720105384695686304974638016716956142041933914210^4 \\ &+ 100 \cdot 118825016210387182261744237492875690521504689721131194^4 \\ &= 436733538504200184127285271853259310131966303073062811^4, \\ &\dots \\ &6317639^4 + 41597960^4 + 121 \cdot 72383300^4 = 240122361^4, \\ &\dots \\ &22454117760^4 + 281831029555^4 + 361 \cdot 145773881796^4 = 641474481677^4, \\ &\dots \\ &230^4 + 735^4 + 2601 \cdot 152^4 = 1139^4, \\ &\dots \\ &6087^4 + 30320^4 + 3481 \cdot 3420^4 = 33913^4, \\ &\dots \end{aligned}$$

Acknowledgments

Thanks to Noam Elkies for his email response and the following suggestions:

*“Martin Bright’s doctoral thesis (2002, with the late Swinnerton-Dyer) <<https://boojum.org.uk/maths/quartic-surfaces/thesis.pdf>> concludes an extensive appendix (App. A, pages 128 – 153) that tabulates information including the rational Neron-Severi rank of every possible such surface $aA^4 + bB^4 + cC^4 + dD^4 = 0$ over a number field F ; for $F = \mathbb{Q}$ there are hundreds of cases. I see that your surfaces appear as **A217** (page 138, with the coefficients $(1, -8c_1^2, 1, 1)$ – I don’t know why he didn’t write it more simply as $(1, 1, 1, -2c_1^2)$); the rank is 4, where generically such surfaces have rank 1, even with three equal coefficients (**A252** on page 141); so in some sense it was known that this family could admit more elliptic fibrations than is typical, but again I don’t know if anybody ever found your family of curves E_u , let alone found rational points on them, before you. (The Euler quartic $(1, 1, 1, -1)$ appears as **A197** on p.137, and also has rational Neron-Severi rank 4.)*

There are also Appendix B and C (pages 154–160) listing (a, b, c, d) for which the surface has no “small” solutions even though there is no local obstruction. But those all have two positive and two negative coefficients, where your coefficients have 3 of one sign and 1 on the other, so the lists in those Appendices do not bear on your work.”

The author is grateful to Noam Elkies for pointing out the connection to Martin Bright’s classification A217 of diagonal quartic surfaces.

Appendix 1: MAGMA Implementation

```
// search rational points for 4-descent fd and bound M
```

```
SetClassGroupBounds("GRH");
```

```
function RP4(fd,M)
  T0:=Realtime();
  for J:=1 to #fd do
    printf "J="; J;
    FD:=fd[J];
    pts:=PointsQI(FD,M);
    F,m:=AssociatedEllipticCurve(FD); F;
    printf "rootno="; RootNumber(F);
    for K:=1 to #pts do
      P:=m(pts[K]); P; printf "height "; Height(P);
      IsPoint(F,P[1]);
    end for; //K
  end for; //J
  T1:=Realtime(T0);
  printf "realtime="; T1;
  return #fd;
```

```

end function;

// calculate 4-descent for considering  $y^2=f(x)$  as 2-descent of the syzygy
// elliptic curve of 4th degree polynomial  $f(x)$ 

P<x> := PolynomialRing(Rationals());

function C0(f)
SetClassGroupBounds("GRH");
C := HyperellipticCurve(f);
time fd := FourDescent(C : RemoveTorsion);
#fd;
return fd;
end function;

//
// Example for elliptic curve :
//  $E_{\{41,u\}}$ :  $Y^2 = 287644205070868215349X^4 - 1436879617899897971340X^3 \setminus$ 
//  $+ 3997420003135110578878X^2 - 6003499258764516668940X \setminus$ 
//  $+ 4279348392455021754229$ 
// Execute:
//
//  $fd:=C0(287644205070868215349x^4 - 1436879617899897971340x^3 \setminus$ 
//  $+ 3997420003135110578878x^2 - 6003499258764516668940x \setminus$ 
//  $+ 4279348392455021754229);$ 
//
// RP4(fd,10^12);
//

```

Appendix 2: Integer Solutions for $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = 2n^2w^4$ ($1 \leq n \leq 407, 971 \leq n \leq 1013$)

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
1	$\frac{938}{241}$	$(\frac{1799}{1172}, \frac{1565}{1172})$	(11270111669357, 22338600682595, 80267274165144, 67603989724187)	$\frac{30407075}{26279287}$	67.012
3	$-\frac{504}{4817}$	$(-\frac{2566}{1609}, \frac{4519}{1609})$	(1609, 2566, 4519, 2257)	$-\frac{4519}{957}$	21.068
7	$\frac{3}{5}$	$(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3})$	(1, 2, 3, 1)	1	1.776
11	-1	(1, -2)	(19, 27, 50, 13)	$-\frac{1}{2}$	6.708
13	$-\frac{3}{5}$	$(-\frac{75}{103}, -\frac{284}{103})$	(1, 4, 4, 1)	$-\frac{3}{5}$	1.450
17	$-\frac{7}{13}$	$(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{92}{51})$	(2959, 7223, 15572, 3213)	$\frac{616}{323}$	16.659
19	$\frac{3}{5}$	$(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3})$	(25, 46, 63, 13), (40509, 120902, 2057435, 396911)	$\frac{3}{5},$ $-\frac{1223}{631}$	6.460, 26.871
21	$\frac{5}{13}$	(-5, 4)	(1, 4, 5, 1), (119023630860967209199, 119907594290190424115, 175046822661146704676, 35149498053729412309)	-1, $-\frac{5634785759}{8889499526}$	2.146, 89.896
23	-1	(1, -2)	(9, 29, 62, 11), (893, 1017, 1934, 349)	4, 30	7.124, 14.022
31	$-\frac{5}{13}$	$(\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{6}{5})$	(1, 5, 6, 1)	-1	3.148
33	$\frac{24}{53}$	$(-\frac{309}{763}, \frac{100}{109})$	(528988010581, 673826751736, 822834434251, 135897934731)	$\frac{14467817}{5083051}$	56.375
37	$-\frac{3}{101}$	$(\frac{20951}{17421}, \frac{5908}{17421})$	(1223, 2612, 3709, 543)	$\frac{2491}{2084}$	15.517
39	-1	(1, -2)	(449, 653, 1210, 167)	$-\frac{8}{17}$	12.805
41	$\frac{198}{125}$	$(-\frac{15559}{420776}, \frac{775755}{420776})$	(35401855, 40865628, 53562031, 7822733)	$\frac{2558149}{3980783}$	36.996
43	$\frac{7}{25}$	$(-\frac{841}{2179}, -\frac{2370}{2179})$	(1, 6, 7, 1)	8	3.706
47	$\frac{32}{85}$	$(-\frac{165}{4573}, -\frac{20158}{32011})$	(9051, 142546, 264089, 33059)	$\frac{1262}{987}$	24.724
51	$-\frac{73}{121}$	$(\frac{835}{1143}, -\frac{1298}{1143})$	(129205, 145309, 168674, 23303)	$-\frac{553}{1283}$	22.230

Table 1: 20 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 1–29 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
53	$-\frac{8}{9}$	$(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{45}{14})$	(28, 217, 453, 53)	$-\frac{11}{7}$	11.665
57	$\frac{4}{17}$	$(\frac{9}{22}, -\frac{1}{22})$	(1228, 1871, 4513, 507)	$-\frac{225}{67}$	16.596
59	$\frac{53}{345}$	$(\frac{6408}{9377}, \frac{3521}{9377})$	(228599, 398665, 545334, 63949)	$\frac{6419}{7003}$	27.057
61	$-\frac{40}{41}$	$(\frac{4049}{18937}, -\frac{41652}{18937})$	(4, 5, 9, 1), (49126165667392699, 4069697547809175220, 10497171197304442521, 1136515825909764169), (4408617554301632580058916, 15101250336932945896869775, 31551572519670198048461181, 3441050480104550005975231)	$\frac{73}{17}$, $-\frac{208139518197}{9838278563}$,	4.443, 87.618,
				$-\frac{133479529624435}{86474661603029}$	117.458
67	$\frac{7}{97}$	$(-\frac{107}{233}, -\frac{43986}{31921})$	(228599, 398665, 545334, 63949), (767904016695079936405259541963126011, 3472685924834491916657617614315355158, 4589819750604699855802697460510262963, 506220771355624184893810380357192673)	$\frac{31252757}{33079883}$, $\frac{306660869065034607000}{309215004168505028383}$	50.326, 50.326
69	$\frac{5}{169}$	$(\frac{182033}{581575}, \frac{379548}{581575})$	(2512, 9347, 13145, 1409)	$-\frac{727}{343}$	18.306
71	-1	(1, -2)	(1, 3, 10, 1), (4355792802787, 134701573232361, 364707730611230, 36564540433213)	1, $\frac{7999986}{3124913}$	3.466, 65.923
73	$-\frac{4}{5}$	(2, -3)	(17139388, 18518399, 27476817, 2919107)	$-\frac{3401}{815}$	34.463
77	$\frac{28}{53}$	$(-\frac{1379}{192144}, -\frac{62735}{192144})$	(111417913176, 652385155333, 3074200685543, 294747082303)	$\frac{577723}{2579259}$	58.008
79	$-\frac{4}{5}$	(2, -3)	(144169, 173690, 250323, 25489), (277675, 608674, 1725063, 163861)	$-\frac{405}{68}$, $\frac{469}{612}$	25.064, 28.855
83	$-\frac{8}{29}$	$(\frac{19}{27}, \frac{20}{27})$	(222601, 2408274, 2863999, 292549)	$\frac{2087}{1741}$	31.655
89	$-\frac{4}{9}$	$(\frac{1}{124}, -\frac{183}{124})$	(1741159879, 278196472772, 415156380825, 38743789163)	$-\frac{1944381}{9383}$	51.797
91	$-\frac{9}{41}$	(9, 10)	(1, 9, 10, 1), (138503093432173, 329381955044706, 376645726192885, 37359362719357)	1, $\frac{8385371}{6909763}$	3.900, 67.147
93	$-\frac{56}{65}$	$(\frac{4}{7}, -\frac{11}{7})$	(4, 7, 11, 1)	-1	4.381
97	$\frac{29}{193}$	$(\frac{1188069}{498019}, -\frac{403076}{498019})$	(10375142630827583852468, 338311672457892951957817, 641471647552814304121567, 55798826475782554871307), (1507445641558316667836944052983, 2526440215862089476381706731988, 4979092843714901309694180926497, 432840242594906995177522784739)	$-\frac{102102687859481}{229822817432650}$,	108.933,
				$-\frac{19024649582181125}{131231457030930976}$	141.009

Table 2: 23 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 1–37 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
101	$\frac{64}{585}$	$(\frac{210919}{356203}, \frac{13332}{356203})$	(11566524698278008178175494709128636544635230699, 55533467549319684604321403836601861318197410455, 96201694481007146665176733936502346101197249772, 8264519317562045735851914877899065409532634189)	$\frac{4970540937918897947896533}{33171077050940981350902139}$	218.043
103	$\frac{8}{97}$	$(\frac{25953}{40597}, \frac{2456}{40597})$	(1891967, 5736274, 9624139, 821739)	$\frac{4155}{16021}$	32.897
107	-1	(1, -2)	(2407, 7143, 15026, 1237)	$\frac{5}{32}$	18.106
109	$\frac{-3}{5}$	$(\frac{-75}{103}, \frac{-284}{103})$	(75, 103, 284, 23)	$\frac{-71}{7}$	9.913
111	$\frac{11}{61}$	$(\frac{-230291}{336901}, \frac{-492790}{336901})$	(1, 10, 11, 1)	$\frac{-10}{9}$	4.053
113	$\frac{4}{5}$	$(\frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2})$	(7, 7, 12, 1), (223937, 237668, 312753, 27809)	1, $\frac{679}{817}$	5.565. 26.073
119	$\frac{-133}{157}$	$(\frac{-506251}{59374565}, \frac{-130362878}{59374565})$	(30287965481668073, 434289126261707635, 996472927107738074, 77496631489680909)	$\frac{-5229646070084}{2135357527917}$	82.860
123	$\frac{32}{37}$	$(\frac{-9}{22}, \frac{1}{22})$	(10778, 13981, 20717, 1671)	$\frac{-159}{89}$	19.127
127	$\frac{3}{61}$	$(\frac{-49}{279}, \frac{314}{279})$	(669, 706, 1481, 113), (21336356794, 44048595009, 73294947149, 5648260099), (712189021550467442073, 4451010569615171325278, 5438578245258944465773, 445233454211910375263)	$\frac{-166}{65},$ $\frac{-275905}{256811},$ $\frac{52895327830}{80639326543}$	14.877, 50.023, 100.946
129	$\frac{65}{97}$	$(\frac{-3225}{19201}, \frac{-808}{2743})$	(5, 8, 13, 1)	$\frac{-21}{5}$	4.105
131	-1	(1, -2)	(218031639, 1068400313, 3263827490, 240478223)	$\frac{22043}{10028}$	42.674
133	$\frac{-7}{13}$	$(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{92}{51})$	(443, 689, 736, 63), (148235522557, 298646264321, 680583220672, 50105570931)	$\frac{281}{391},$ $\frac{-160955}{732989}$	12.119, 51.843
137	$\frac{56}{181}$	$(\frac{1309}{4936}, \frac{-1315}{4936})$	(28988, 107079, 369559, 26597)	$\frac{-15311}{18473}$	28.398
139	$\frac{3}{109}$	$(\frac{128047}{191015}, \frac{49018}{191015})$	(292642, 821065, 1206057, 90373)	$\frac{-29699}{22174}$	28.063
141	$\frac{-60}{61}$	$(\frac{512045}{261178}, \frac{-964513}{261178})$	(72211175, 446853184, 1030134149, 73587999)	$\frac{-19014301}{5702545}$	40.428
143	-1	(1, -2)	(3, 7, 14, 1), (1233, 22603, 62174, 4391)	0, $\frac{-42}{59}$	4.152, 20.938
149	$\frac{-19}{85}$	$(\frac{-929}{1733}, \frac{3156}{1733})$	(636, 835, 977, 77)	$\frac{236}{383}$	12.442
151	$\frac{-45}{53}$	$(\frac{5}{9}, \frac{14}{9})$	(5, 9, 14, 1)	1	4.188

Table 3: 23 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 1–47 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
157	$\frac{-3}{17}$	$(\frac{141}{95}, \frac{88}{95})$	(31658744, 45620973, 54530839, 4118141), (1110466451945907112, 1796596501774612643, 1893976757448252081, 149773454264774017)	$\frac{15661}{19472},$ $\frac{1624110418}{2265840721}$	34.856, 83.460
159	$\frac{4}{29}$	$(2, \frac{-3}{7})$	(337729, 353654, 622355, 43357)	$\frac{-1747}{2359}$	25.795
161	$\frac{77}{81}$	$(\frac{-2063}{3319}, \frac{36}{3319})$	(262692, 641495, 842767, 60149)	$\frac{-292}{507}$	24.866
163	$\frac{-1}{17}$	$(\frac{2141}{2881}, \frac{-1158}{2881})$	(99233, 394727, 518634, 36731)	$\frac{-1532}{1285}$	26.001
167	$\frac{4}{17}$	$(\frac{9}{22}, \frac{-1}{22})$	(74, 673, 787, 57), (1858416522, 7036228109, 12127154449, 810685471)	$\frac{-24}{29},$ $\frac{124174}{198221}$	13.751, 47.606
173	$\frac{8}{9}$	$(\frac{-7}{5}, \frac{24}{35})$	(63816, 94031, 110677, 7997)	$\frac{-257}{42}$	20.166
177	$\frac{1}{5}$	$(\frac{11}{25}, \frac{-24}{175})$	(1897, 2681, 3916, 263), (30650011, 163560484, 247875733, 16362853)	$\frac{313}{301},$ $\frac{52873}{73871}$	14.498, 36.275
179	$\frac{-112}{145}$	$(\frac{17337}{532423}, \frac{-1046582}{532423})$	(586876415, 2789777249, 4823616902, 311333271)	$\frac{28727529}{1382477}$	44.395
181	$\frac{-7}{13}$	$(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{92}{51})$	(6053819, 6053819, 18445888, 1159779)	$\frac{-743}{1649}$	30.808
183	$\frac{12}{61}$	$(\frac{-479}{1970}, \frac{-2051}{1970})$	(18204554218, 27852627509, 62090414753, 3904986579), (44610585367080038453, 280441072461263875439, 614193319048740170854, 38587307753389480293)	$\frac{-1396613}{10438518},$ $\frac{142405631833}{89470775462}$	48.163, 93.957
187	$\frac{84}{197}$	$(\frac{467}{12540}, \frac{5717}{12540})$	(6086, 9507, 10861, 761)	$\frac{-4261}{5129}$	20.390
191	$\frac{7}{17}$	$(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{6}{115})$	(6, 23, 115, 7), (55775, 4076738, 7487949, 465299), (10850077656912535565, 24303123712485044202, 80227385961925004089, 4892095537343672191)	-13, $\frac{241}{443},$ $\frac{300712263}{988868693}$	6.553, 30.058, 88.798
193	$\frac{-4}{37}$	$(\frac{7}{12}, \frac{7}{12})$	(1100563105454528048456990373085691204, 7382952310363167848731758733032453061, 9311364230149643442162588460858110829, 612568992669510686849524759054157487)	$\frac{621566628330181837}{501141307606379545}$	170.445
197	$\frac{-188}{137}$	$(\frac{-4538}{19963}, \frac{209465}{19963})$	(50704, 298617, 012059, 180461)	$\frac{-364547}{1019}$	31.740
201	$\frac{32}{49}$	$(\frac{-178}{291}, \frac{-245}{291})$	(1116006817849853962048, 2004462345331026754775, 3564514487373154663031, 216988690452227767853), (2630219951228254316024259806608, 5225239243632102563759659890625, 19533212772237055409117870750351, 1160134160384542904517035352013)	$\frac{-82436541535}{80695310527},$ $\frac{1854461647968235}{11040287486584853}$	98.846, 143.527

Table 4: 24 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 1–37 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
209	$\frac{4}{17}$	$(\frac{9}{22}, \frac{-1}{22})$	(456741325525, 11021276613067, 13918037099988, 879530604163)	$\frac{4210157}{2492579}$	60.758
211	$\frac{12}{181}$	$(\frac{2050}{4697}, \frac{2197}{4697})$	(50655913495, 105827561137, 169655836818, 10191152909), (14003920161371413178738760326673137187432108473, 14532860738109082580035239647893221943634610137, 31605892974868731202618662984289465373267063590, 1866598422352267027268516130107186983241168721)	$\frac{-20060493}{22852307}$, $\frac{-988041802239478143990887}{826094942177751832249967}$	54.022, 212.894
213	$\frac{-96}{85}$	$(\frac{2859}{2033}, \frac{6602}{2033})$	(46410580396087, 48706449849644, 118968414820139, 6940828958469)	$\frac{546386203}{285025889}$	66.220
217	$\frac{-39}{89}$	$(\frac{-991}{35023}, \frac{52880}{35023})$	(3, 3, 16, 1)	$\frac{-201}{19}$	4.365
219	$\frac{-20}{29}$	$(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2})$	(6905383801370, 10082271789347, 12674696250587, 795508575341)	$\frac{1003801}{812349}$	60.080
221	$\frac{-7}{13}$	$(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{92}{51})$	(18170075829628946534152326312538321309945, 324694919799660579526277311707208043880141, 545942434978754261132356383765496357327888, 31804802854316895728509269912421630763669)	$\frac{4554725986626873439777}{2251181595697275141261}$	190.309
223	$\frac{-64}{53}$	$(\frac{299}{487}, \frac{-1356}{487})$	(386, 1123, 3489, 197)	$\frac{-109}{5}$	17.397
227	-1	(1, -2)	(31731, 855269, 2323538, 130273)	$\frac{613}{887}$	28.180
229	$\frac{72}{181}$	$(\frac{3383}{29435}, \frac{1584}{4205})$	(147763814238656858860, 608999264562929036617, 1499093353525846395453, 83865054397121607863)	$\frac{-2055494927143}{1138143155147}$	99.818
231	$\frac{28}{29}$	$(\frac{-354}{365}, \frac{131}{365})$	(5389, 98690, 145231, 14889), (71207, 202210, 244043, 14889)	$\frac{75}{91}$, $\frac{1367}{47927}$	22.388, 23.560
233	$\frac{4}{53}$	$(\frac{-4507}{888}, \frac{-5047}{888})$	(1103010172, 1861529873, 3269841633, 185225597)	$\frac{413383}{450883}$	43.493
237	$\frac{-104}{185}$	$(\frac{-31669}{19548}, \frac{-79271}{19548})$	(4, 13, 17, 1)	$\frac{-1}{25}$	5.443
239	$\frac{136}{261}$	$(\frac{29531}{484199}, \frac{71760}{484199})$	(1640984772620303606, 3117491002540389405, 3477412467901354591, 215837293427890067)	$\frac{-890704612273}{634303599357}$	85.474
241	$\frac{-15}{113}$	$(\frac{5490053}{9654187}, \frac{-6040624}{9654187})$	(1, 15, 16, 1)	$\frac{2413}{2747}$	4.635
249	$\frac{-24}{145}$	$(\frac{-73441}{147}, \frac{12272}{21})$	(7790928430539881312, 59531023402497214735, 61689237905359407721, 3842966957265123567)	$\frac{-49547964571}{43598116307}$	93.180
251	$\frac{7}{9}$	$(\frac{-137}{187}, \frac{-138}{187})$	(1403, 1530, 3109, 169)	$\frac{188}{43}$	14.875
253	$\frac{32}{37}$	$(\frac{-9}{22}, \frac{1}{22})$	(110317, 142927, 204068, 11577)	$\frac{-333}{467}$	23.913

Table 5: 19 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 1–47 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
263	$\frac{35}{117}$	$(\frac{6697}{23029}, \frac{5298}{23029})$	(4775149057432683646382312024339, 35394272333683228857731448412866, 44190933676721883697093690461217, 2497644678140975819970225230281)	$\frac{52149128491363779}{20175058620871894}$	146.247
267	$\frac{7}{17}$	$(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{6}{115})$	(25731556254637, 37497158826659, 44825895328366, 2593731455009)	$\frac{-14374358}{11142511}$	61.575
281	$\frac{40}{53}$	$(-3, \frac{-8}{7})$	(7712425, 9015359, 21799904, 1105641)	$\frac{40}{53}$	33.682
287	$\frac{-16}{13}$	$(\frac{59}{6}, \frac{-229}{6})$	(171944734111, 1109428229629, 4149623533526, 206235722667)	$\frac{-6508897}{1568225}$	55.732
291	$\frac{95}{193}$	$(\frac{9241}{331533}, \frac{112798}{331533})$	(5, 14, 19, 1)	$\frac{137}{167}$	5.174
293	$\frac{8}{97}$	$(\frac{25953}{40597}, \frac{2456}{40597})$	(1412817, 4957627, 5941544, 322369)	$\frac{-12029}{9770}$	31.648
299	$\frac{4}{29}$	$(2, \frac{-3}{7})$	(4323, 4886, 11725, 577)	$\frac{23}{7}$	17.785
301	$\frac{8}{25}$	$(\frac{-151}{14}, \frac{115}{14})$	(1, 40, 59, 3), (3197413, 8989336, 20127265, 985251)	1, $\frac{-30871}{43497}$	5.277, 32.139
303	$\frac{43}{53}$	$(\frac{-791}{809}, \frac{654}{809})$	(60418, 64147, 131801, 6521)	$\frac{-799}{1121}$	23.744
307	$\frac{-17}{145}$	$(\frac{1}{17}, \frac{18}{17})$	(1, 17, 18, 1)	1	5.500
309	$\frac{-16}{13}$	$(\frac{59}{6}, \frac{-229}{6})$	(50537243753531449119888729359723455748, 111538602086270465770703607917792774669, 349149566882263582587760715861978288615, 16747379392901308740844889648235229551)	$\frac{-240428351310879884753}{54611173968231581989}$	177.300
311	$\frac{4}{9}$	$(\frac{1}{22}, \frac{9}{22})$	(480499, 1460127, 1843850, 95599), (20564342260380338, 39547794771476995, 40541662859715111, 2290727287853597)	$\frac{-404}{323},$ $\frac{314529827}{124003321}$	29.287, 77.168
313	$\frac{-4}{37}$	$(\frac{7}{12}, \frac{7}{12})$	(63617, 256468, 49847, 17721), (3576723341261638039, 19130996995337752439, 20452660702272717676, 1120715103354923061)	$\frac{547}{415},$ $\frac{111223625}{29913404}$	25.711, 89.098
317	$\frac{1}{5}$	$(\frac{11}{25}, \frac{-24}{175})$	(7, 8, 21, 1)	$\frac{1}{2}$	3.585
321	$\frac{-4}{25}$	$(\frac{-61}{4}, \frac{-75}{4})$	(58331413, 285600212, 392809795, 19609631), (174178388755, 197422814243, 290663175068, 14682502459)	$\frac{13013}{5287},$ $\frac{1562101}{1461959}$	39.599, 52.296
323	$\frac{23}{169}$	$(\frac{2615}{1183}, \frac{-822}{1183})$	(5200334, 6915127, 15651159, 741337), (10056391537, 10489425578, 25649634201, 1215303869)	$\frac{-48355}{83266},$ $\frac{-1756609}{2893876}$	33.217, 48.099
327	$\frac{-8}{17}$	(4, -5)	(345979275326, 944763892877, 1083164953879, 56553208021), (28517623616471761, 480168116623739902, 696543853973747909, 34081978453197269)	$\frac{-1124197}{763369},$ $\frac{125813767}{54890199}$	56.891, 83.576

Table 6: 23 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 1–39 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
329	$\frac{4}{9}$	$(\frac{1}{22}, \frac{9}{22})$	(480499, 1460127, 1843850, 95599), (20564342260380338, 39547794771476995, 40541662859715111, 2290727287853597)	$\frac{-404}{323}$, $\frac{314529827}{124003321}$	29.287, 77.168
331	$\frac{-12}{61}$	$(\frac{1061}{5602}, \frac{5665}{5602})$	(6597, 15346, 25555, 1219), (541857066796020771, 885401228992685435, 1150566324558260578, 57844544319727019)	$\frac{886}{205}$, $\frac{-52264555230}{8263319543}$	22.622, 85.266
337	$\frac{-8}{29}$	$(\frac{19}{27}, \frac{20}{27})$	(477683589431729033925231571, 609155889204579017085296789, 646505803243611373489980464, 35590965715943706713225199)	$\frac{-124757908803467}{29257222028207}$	124.443
339	$\frac{7}{17}$	$(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{6}{115})$	(789002617798315, 3216798294345842, 8338185383712619, 382914281366557), (1945408905525868683715, 1966077660524973427466, 10917125834186087851003, 498855109999502674849)	$\frac{27976397}{72066797}$, $\frac{-127083629023}{21660021221}$	71.463, 99.538
341	$\frac{56}{153}$	$(\frac{9487}{703}, \frac{4740}{703})$	(314526385876749971933, 17306433434981466567465, 28231623119163698245348, 1328749814282166736751), (47800592582932351860975733, 58588446893902922963913068, 79124541884135872606036215, 3942748132741966888938421)	$\frac{1830653404979}{3361422194475}$, $\frac{30937862242765}{82111824797237}$	102.896, 119.130
347	-1	(1, -2)	(1, 9, 22, 1)	$\frac{1}{2}$	5.047
349	$\frac{-51}{149}$	$(\frac{-515019}{2097679}, \frac{-3442940}{2097679})$	(3, 17, 20, 1)	$\frac{-17}{20}$	4.959
353	$\frac{-80}{101}$	$(\frac{-1847}{51171}, \frac{-107938}{51171})$	(56826587, 67285064, 96372157, 4656633)	$\frac{138607}{180287}$	38.478
357	$\frac{21}{29}$	$(\frac{-1051}{367}, \frac{500}{367})$	(517928533, 645833876, 931323553, 44485487), (10982521940339, 13497568599092, 18893684514431, 910483289317), (14604134202668, 14836699500811, 70728669041791, 3150726443759)	$\frac{-132254}{54009}$, $\frac{-1163248}{4097349}$, $\frac{4992791}{25135879}$	39.714, 59.575, 61.870
359	$\frac{4}{17}$	$(\frac{9}{22}, \frac{-1}{22})$	(181, 246, 695, 31), (169472648395, 1686703476847, 2475962075038, 115376690973)	$\frac{-2}{7}$, $\frac{-911938}{427483}$	13.977, 57.264
367	$\frac{-12}{29}$	$(\frac{18}{49}, \frac{-53}{49})$	(443726853223, 1789770309494, 2123612069147, 103269591747)	$\frac{-6614343}{6546359}$	56.392
371	$\frac{-8}{17}$	(4, -5)	(778, 835, 837, 47), (2466759, 2652505, 2661446, 149279)	$\frac{-27}{13}$, $\frac{-743}{553}$	13.731, 29.858

Table 7: 21 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 1–26 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
373	$\frac{20}{29}$	$(\frac{-4768}{25381}, \frac{417}{1493})$	(14586577187725577177096, 23096846931152339602833, 46172621049761681632307, 2045876836525516561477), (119476630698316665269786439547, 168375935032674860871347943207, 245496753412297633987701496216, 11363535995755879390885493333)	$\frac{-2422871858017}{5531856449947}$, $\frac{19138979793030483}{21160213894959292}$	105.036, 136.176
379	$\frac{-12}{29}$	$(\frac{18}{49}, \frac{-53}{49})$	(272369018, 1367002545, 2299179863, 102282073), (1184709513607649570, 1217418399461938189, 1336992656954547211, 71149235234846499)	$\frac{-257819}{52859}$, $\frac{7145078099}{2578550851}$	44.863, 83.114
383	$\frac{204}{377}$	$(\frac{-12212}{64707}, \frac{-38035}{64707})$	(52271274597586749652046870748358, 56442182599777575561849640531969, 68037165015212162410398738968939, 3396464828358953323939105317063)	$\frac{1550408297639667679}{1935402453467912411}$	149.093
389	$\frac{989}{232}$	$(\frac{29825}{190557}, \frac{31732}{190557})$	(2790220517471471853994808398379, 3375566679888983646972955355900, 3963453138704995482589945354391, 194958328042827044471167136157)	$\frac{59056815385513828}{47189577215495093}$	139.722
393	$\frac{56}{73}$	$(\frac{-209}{863}, \frac{-36}{863})$	(201277984, 2153997596, 3061641247, 142059643)	$\frac{-127457}{146606}$	41.032
397	$\frac{16}{169}$	$(\frac{-19}{1852}, \frac{1695}{1852})$	(161702491626027642898883639631, 487212413804362318147974212348, 844261445313941440503378354043, 36591080960626856715146847589)	$\frac{-1301422837948593}{1818998862358337}$	138.870
401	$\frac{-16}{37}$	$(\frac{-7}{3}, \frac{14}{3})$	(4707730316011215672320120149359167312, 9413347294618758641129182207769627475, 19710532213478568429282782413782561773, 838899928821810598025717191940368901), (27547935777641867053785282430394893209881073, 55700444472217979685803498500110360564919360, 56357549751316137715022574764491530290180993, 2818314411410482266627779538205336302056719)	$\frac{-4704908635406554703}{3352465208783919657}$, $\frac{-3277266657688424963381}{5446064546876960185097}$	173.696, 203.585
403	$\frac{3}{5}$	$(\frac{-1}{3}, \frac{2}{3})$	(9, 38, 167, 7), (19, 86, 549, 23), (22619, 32386, 34053, 1699)	$\frac{-11}{7}$, $\frac{2}{11}$, $\frac{44}{9}$	9.536, 11.899, 11.899
407	$\frac{35}{61}$	$(\frac{-83}{93}, \frac{106}{93})$	(232344524219, 424051131622, 526551287113, 24119392479), (8509742099900499, 14433696294090874, 16710655818075457, 786275362671487)	$\frac{-3178226}{737263}$, $\frac{-50016137}{9567037}$	52.289, 74.412

Table 8: 15 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 1–44 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
971	$\frac{-16}{13}$	$(\frac{59}{6}, \frac{-229}{6})$	(83653717, 247059774, 1300882915, 35116733), (3477594175419544564438607, 4453246382814222024556694, 13178994314491788157140905, 357223370883346520640831)	$\frac{-147733}{45674}$, $\frac{-3667798345571}{807333349114}$	43.009, 115.623
977	$\frac{-16}{13}$	$(\frac{59}{6}, \frac{-229}{6})$	(38226631, 282173544, 1069737841, 28813573)	$\frac{-18613}{5251}$	42.618
979	$\frac{24}{149}$	$(\frac{-67963}{1570773}, \frac{1383620}{1570773})$	(132603685, 255885862, 558892883, 15194199) (9403119219230345885, 11596111087396501294, 28312245627197930451, 768450793389517267)	$\frac{-8733377}{6799957}$ $\frac{-58062026215}{2061994855001}$	37.703 88.171
983	$\frac{-5}{117}$	$(\frac{-45383}{464953}, \frac{530466}{464953})$	(452500536169517516094, 823742386103319270269, 1160078784327577806233, 33077493446993186419)	$\frac{-4735382136040}{2498221740549}$	96.623
989	$\frac{-104}{81}$	$(\frac{103}{346}, \frac{1413}{346})$	(276706435, 471788428, 1690784721, 45286241), (16483380987870004461644, 16805632045172389358375, 63642801016634531526477, 1705710645024622106587)	$\frac{282729}{196337}$, $\frac{-352502172041}{30594988227}$	42.583, 105.102
997	$\frac{4}{121}$	$(\frac{-5921}{10634}, \frac{16137}{10634})$	(22457303375602142923450437370936871278611663494196843, 265496357325318674335897812161139446452263143557538584, 349822605324090823518870097900624087451082461316401009, 10008104623522696964064410352949916558972840407413287)	$\frac{-538285840455706011951086061}{447779212309641648847058891}$	244.611
1001	$\frac{13}{17}$	$(\frac{-397}{1673}, \frac{16}{1673})$	(12653155529645773041, 14496165953243782820, 30632337876005776777, 829827057251813143)	$\frac{6864432341}{12975328069}$	87.685
1003	$\frac{-16}{65}$	$(\frac{-48448}{308665}, \frac{-62703}{44095})$	(357153561, 441486806, 522795199, 15911377)	$\frac{1220947}{2671121}$	39.595
1007	$\frac{-220}{157}$	$(\frac{321}{60268}, \frac{973057}{60268})$	(18754633151703759081272317852581751270809408588853, 24040798893695666175180959976981448725994130618754, 276962098995579830477463625832507108420988928415519, 7339332340035270076957220087297502594586408542833)	$\frac{-246903836004572641662901577}{6914579901675743188735327}$	232.595
1013	$\frac{3}{101}$	$(\frac{20951}{17421}, \frac{5908}{17421})$	(24574653502948757745404, 98778234488177851314697, 101516509859021233400459, 3148857129793207750683)	$\frac{9963327853555}{2964128052389}$	104.165

Table 9: 13 concrete primitive solutions spanning Height 8–54 digits. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

Appendix 3: Other Solutions for $x^4 + y^4 + z^4 = 2n^2w^4$ ($n = 3, 13, 17, 31, 41, 47, 51$)

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
3	$\frac{3}{37}$	$(\frac{5053}{7821}, \frac{-190}{7821})$	(191, 758, 1039, 537)	$\frac{-667}{409}$	13.646
3	$\frac{4}{5}$	$(\frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2})$	(1, 1, 2, 1), (191, 199, 278, 149)	$\frac{1}{3},$ $\frac{-11}{2}$	1.630, 11.704
3	$\frac{-8}{197}$	$(\frac{327}{784}, \frac{71}{112})$	(4430505880486317556231058410183907705265377, 15091518989598701515761230465623349480831602, 15687731329451834930350105762440616394266249, 8897807748791604925680134889341966921091629)	$\frac{-1989698119095368204817}{3084386303584566632969}$	198.025
3	$\frac{12}{49}$	$(\frac{3036}{1153}, \frac{-455}{1153})$	(91, 109, 326, 159), (93163, 251938, 659723, 322011)	$\frac{-16}{13},$ $\frac{-999}{19}$	10.380, 25.542
3	$\frac{24}{89}$	$(\frac{91}{326}, \frac{-109}{326})$	(91, 109, 326, 159), (4757935328932114, 7041425736632701, 18624544273367213, 9097367279997867)	$\frac{109}{235},$ $\frac{-304072675}{964918062}$	12.680, 76.064
3	$\frac{28}{29}$	$(\frac{-354}{365}, \frac{131}{365})$	(191, 758, 1039, 537), (799, 86614, 127823, 65097)	$\frac{-201}{89},$ $\frac{-561}{449}$	13.750, 23.330
3	$\frac{-28}{37}$	$(\frac{993}{2230}, \frac{3271}{2230})$	(167561, 356822, 517039, 264773)	$\frac{1189}{1237}$	28.056
13	$\frac{-7}{13}$	$(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{92}{51})$	(13093, 56009, 107168, 25449)	$\frac{-95}{1649}$	20.523
17	$\frac{-8}{29}$	$(\frac{19}{27}, \frac{20}{27})$	(9537, 14972, 18217, 4133), (114791, 152036, 193919, 43773), (20433473, 21407897, 28928592, 6581821)	$\frac{-86}{191},$ $\frac{-146}{377},$ $\frac{5057}{11731}$	19.265, 23.212, 35.988
17	$\frac{-7}{157}$	$(\frac{10141}{7671}, \frac{-3688}{7671})$	(201, 521, 748, 161)	$\frac{2435}{2941}$	13.347
31	$\frac{12}{37}$	$(\frac{-1355}{21194}, \frac{-15377}{21194})$	(1, 5, 6, 1), (18491070898521258, 93341526748788265, 112278484660039843, 18698442145369807), (393556685397950, 58065700817685469, 88218078555075633, 13908980781287987)	$\frac{12}{37},$ $\frac{-10501431191}{679620377},$ $\frac{20664848231}{888156995}$	3.901, 78.835, 79.755

Table 10: 19 concrete primitive solutions. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y \leq z$)	k	height(k)
41	$\frac{17}{81}$	$(\frac{79}{1393}, \frac{-144}{199})$	(9377628687576699475323058281586350049259392, 13430014704589910030158850979173000596100895, 20303281756471950430958532134416354382384369, 2811934334922047505814776216556178874202477)	$\frac{-135401287443066171324696}{439938602667013304252621}$	196.933
41	$\frac{44}{169}$	$(\frac{-3998}{253}, \frac{3185}{253})$	(5441389686377966197, 59528816491569463381, 73706071122362481980, 10576637809123172967)	$\frac{-36225655093}{42531504399}$	90.534
41	$\frac{52}{137}$	$(\frac{391}{4038}, \frac{-1787}{4038})$	(92988, 185585, 200711, 30433)	$\frac{16427}{15371}$	27.266
41	$\frac{-56}{89}$	$(\frac{24903}{68491}, \frac{92168}{68491})$	(54318237397623078704946633764115090845241645585865885, 93113187549013491119042852742115837188648985970151568, 242144728952257624811403672033502422839232202982146629, 31992092958798009058793665158911374511571697229115187)	$\frac{-30642294010246440479709621005}{23123774046491324438403430133}$	247.459
47	$\frac{-56}{65}$	$(\frac{4}{7}, \frac{-11}{7})$	(839990066, 10754417721, 25232397949, 3120163151), (139725878854678372058371, 665867942359528116571674, 1271597488901889913049231, 158828760986524532820581)	$\frac{-82553}{13687}$, $\frac{970150063231}{1037070568423}$	47.729, 47.729
47	$\frac{-77}{101}$	$(\frac{-73329}{562759}, \frac{1231694}{562759})$	(102300437430854778742034199160949, 1121555880372128695035018116259759, 2387007549683564413844112467948854, 296288281017186677704135044633257)	$\frac{-12521849248017155362}{8107882595811612809}$	154.884
47	$\frac{-116}{173}$	$(\frac{36268}{70407}, \frac{90967}{70407})$	(2320229827735239, 5387196649410614, 7263410412294109, 953679704196799)	$\frac{-895706486}{365922931}$	75.777
51	$\frac{-33}{41}$	$(\frac{4217}{37405}, \frac{71798}{37405})$	(98750347889143, 215709962056415, 331778377250878, 40773262891589)	$\frac{-653193988}{65186793}$	67.429
51	$\frac{39}{89}$	$(\frac{127177}{768221}, \frac{71486}{768221})$	(238031626, 1654352467, 9651492515, 1136699363)	$\frac{-179287}{4289259}$	46.408
51	$\frac{-48}{101}$	$(\frac{-37}{22}, \frac{-85}{22})$	(1917336662159156761, 17974651617345599759, 25232647987275881470, 3146304878811925557)	$\frac{-7024052407}{8353816087}$	87.570
51	$\frac{168}{193}$	$(\frac{-64203}{148033}, \frac{-19520}{148033})$	(128945, 173302, 268897, 33313)	$\frac{-64877}{22367}$	24.646

Table 11: 12 concrete primitive solutions. All n satisfy mod 5, 16, 29 conditions and $\gcd(x, y, z, w) = 1$.

Appendix 4: Integer Solutions for $x^4 + y^4 + n^2 z^4 = w^4$ ($n = 2, 5, 6, 10, 11, 13, 19, 23, 29, 30, 31, 51, 59, 237$)

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y, 0 < z, 0 < w$)	k	height(k)
2	$\frac{-200}{159}$	$(\frac{-245964}{989981}, \frac{-529188}{989981})$	(14781374576633154538424812815870627232185417, 22939405451528749524964945990383021582554004, 13604446890766083063068882907657043944335254, 26066383723339512075050330898554176580189849)	$\frac{-10222025508857159271836149}{4973820434222253843674925}$	208.958
5	$\frac{-200}{33}$	$(\frac{1098625}{8664814}, \frac{-1136795}{8664814})$	(44372076633894, 77909041151165, 27822312777444, 86389766182919), (10273306668320686311812656725, 21672525695420775656916403894, 24603748441277284283090649300, 55360346418742274771588669519)	$\frac{721672547}{401678173},$ $\frac{41987966530379536039}{6361540450159680921}$	72.357, 140.825
6	$\frac{-192}{95}$	$(\frac{-152715}{572866}, \frac{382125}{572866})$	(17594544363688922983384506095250928500, 17594544363688922983384506095250928500, 4058489384580869469949943875587274382, 22795332764569314407028111424585991737)	$\frac{-42447984107442442717799}{5987422683066907986295}$	180.413
10	$\frac{-120}{167}$	$(\frac{-45178}{479763}, \frac{102800}{159921})$	(261246816677719984125376675431014979, 995355569908015340271785613176155930, 421728649650332897209549903592601186, 1427242172593177154199688515965361079)	$\frac{-135902238589085864789613}{188321984301597653915909}$	175.448
10	$\frac{-180}{101}$	$(\frac{2554361}{17748406}, \frac{12600277}{17748406})$	(80202538547017255548535317556474987176034903646049911, 357875720105384695686304974638016716956142041933914210, 118825016210387182261744237492875690521504689721131194, 436733538504200184127285271853259310131966303073062811)	$\frac{93350161258810922264993216635}{35585302400830906709006619658}$	255.762
11	$\frac{-80}{7}$	$(\frac{10}{147}, \frac{1280}{8379})$	(6317639, 41597960, 72383300, 240122361)	$\frac{-3069037}{66063}$	40.945

Table 12: 6 concrete primitive solutions.

n	u	(x_0, y_0)	(x, y, z, w) ($0 < x \leq y, 0 < z, 0 < w$)	k	height(k)
11	$\frac{-36}{55}$	$(\frac{-4527}{25222}, \frac{9459}{25222})$	(4561002278236940, 9623234663831655, 9716792562424596, 32294034739143193), (5071663784268480400570, 5652307923955737796025, 1980104717474122784036, 7714810978574017601787)	$\frac{2624854481}{355032557}$, $\frac{-13615651970667}{1804991832116}$	83.346, 107.943
13	$\frac{-168}{167}$	$(\frac{-29303}{115806}, \frac{14383}{38602})$	(26597796357961705344, 33015093923282539161, 2836045495291535572, 36106078613799882457)	$\frac{181084518879}{136695871229}$	98.033
19	$\frac{-120}{187}$	$(\frac{-8324}{60429}, \frac{-10140}{20143})$	(22454117760, 281831029555, 145773881796, 641474481677)	$\frac{-386344005}{33608693}$	63.509
23	$\frac{-184}{63}$	$(\frac{118273}{533478}, \frac{27105}{177826})$	(529342994422784252, 1113189054592962532, 356143066543690741, 1783792077677461137)	$\frac{-14234349988247}{2682915907067}$	88.046
29	$\frac{-80}{27}$	$(\frac{2312}{18213}, \frac{-3360}{6071})$	(170006954123030184542447668195, 229056236830248164066404223600, 53461279335894866928179432392, 319788414125749287078267357213)	$\frac{-433729111279715965}{12752075910589837}$	141.448
29	$\frac{-44}{45}$	$(\frac{1829}{4934}, \frac{-1895}{4934})$	(1386708684717704417415447676110381747329961746744061035855, 1660548304227062143062429432325644367480550303188718390718, 268651482245552449240991791970051552029926577500275067480, 1989985754636187095263645026424660343744176930218543583843)	$\frac{-7764283109332944055889052680543}{2968018714175390644927346229399}$	270.817
30	$\frac{-96}{113}$	$(\frac{6576}{19133}, \frac{10440}{19133})$	(2244245832556529139840729853871648637561346631, 3508215556851756699561473381020206073920559590, 740145036742509923447447610590786527546533770, 4597916620082610865987161213094480097627506283)	$\frac{-91480688572149090910679843}{550909735740698633221040353}$	217.879
31	$\frac{-173}{40}$	$(\frac{1726}{11471}, \frac{27160}{103239})$	(3072806637486467043177662258493680240, 3110834432134674634251961551209664265, 1030955590305169683814889386584097376, 5967841260899013022070725554702044937)	$\frac{23236795241672582935}{58343697667468059939}$	170.044
51	$\frac{-20}{9}$	$(\frac{6318}{23281}, \frac{762}{23281})$	(230, 735, 152, 1139)	$\frac{214177}{23323}$	19.474
59	$\frac{-120}{13}$	$(\frac{275353}{3048798}, \frac{-90753}{1016266})$	(6087, 30320, 3420, 33913)	$\frac{57750}{135137}$	28.196
237	$\frac{-168}{73}$	$(\frac{-16516}{46957}, \frac{24188}{46957})$	(13634372516342, 43136916615357, 2198558272084, 46829983967879)	$\frac{-47422523}{1553457}$	71.307

Table 13: 11 concrete primitive solutions.

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